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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/034,367	12/27/2001	Fabio R. Maino	ANDIP004	8712
22434	7590 12/28/2005		EXAMINER	
BEYER WEAVER & THOMAS LLP P.O. BOX 70250			TESLOVICH, TAMARA	
	CA 94612-0250		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2137	

DATE MAILED: 12/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	10/034,367	MAINO ET AL				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•	Tamara Teslovich	2137				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	<u> </u>					
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (36(a)). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 C	<u>october 2005</u> .					
<i>'</i>	·					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-50 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
·	Claim(s) <u>26-50</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement					
are subject to restriction and	or clocker requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 December 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
The path of declaration is objected to by the Ex	xammer. Note the attached Office	Action of fortige 10-102.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do S) Notice of Informal F					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>01.07.03</u> .	6) Other:	,				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

Claims 1-25 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on October 14, 2005.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 26-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hagerman (US Patent No. 6,973,568 B2).

As per claim 26, Hagerman teaches a method for processing frames in a fibre channel network having a first network entity and a second network entity (col.4 lines 23-31), the method comprising: receiving a frame at a first network entity from the second network entity in a fibre channel network (col.3 lines 43-53); identifying a security control indicator in the frame from the second network entity (col.3 lines 23-24;

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col.5 lines 15-28); determining that a security association identifier associated with the frame corresponds to an entry in a security database (col.3 lines 48-53); decrypting the first portion of the frame by using algorithm information contained in the entry in the security database (col.3 lines 43-47).

As per claim 27, Hagerman teaches wherein the entry in the security database was created after a fibre channel network authentication sequence between the first and second network entities (col.7 lines 1-10).

As per claim 28, Hagerman teaches wherein the first portion is decrypted using a key contained in the entry in the security database (col.3 lines 43-53).

As per claim 29, Hagerman teaches wherein the first portion is encrypted using DES, 3DES or AES (col.7 lines 1-10).

As per claim 30, Hagerman teaches recognizing that a second portion of the frame supports authentication; using algorithm information contained in the entry in the security database to authenticate the second portion of the frame (col.5 lines 15-41).

As per claim 31, Hagerman teaches wherein the second portion is authenticated using MD5 or SHA1 (col.3 lines 34-42; col.7 lines 35-44).

As per claim 32, Hagerman teaches wherein the authentication sequence is a fibre channel login sequence between the first and second network entities (col.3 lines 34-47).

As per claim 33, Hagerman teaches wherein the login sequence is a PLOGI or FLOGI sequence (col.6 lines 6-13).

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As per claim 34, Hagerman teaches wherein the first and second network entities are domain controllers and the authentication sequence is a FC-CT sequence (col.1 lines 28-40).

As per claim 35, Hagerman teaches wherein the first and second network entities are domain controllers and the authentication sequence is a SW-TL sequence (col.6 lines 6-14).

As per claim 36, Hagerman teaches a method for transmitting encrypted frames in a fibre channel network having a first network entity and a second network entity (col.4 lines 23-31), the method comprising: identifying a fibre channel frame having a source corresponding to the first network entity and a destination corresponding to the second network entity (col.3 lines 43-53; col.4 lines 36-51); determining if the fibre channel frame corresponds to the selectors of an entry in a security database; encrypting a first portion of the fibre channel frame using key and algorithm information associated with the entry in the security database (col.3 lines 48-53); transmitting the fibre channel frame to the second network entity (col.7 lines 26-34).

As per claim 37, Hagerman teaches wherein the entry in the security database was created after a fibre channel network authentication sequence between the first and second network entities (col.7 lines 1-10).

As per claim 38, Hagerman teaches wherein the payload is encapsulated using the Authentication Header protocol or the Encapsulating Security Payload protocol (col.7 lines 1-10).

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As per claim 39, Hagerman teaches adding security information to the header of the fibre channel frame (col.3 lines 23-33).

As per claim 40, Hagerman teaches wherein a first portion of the fibre channel frame is encrypted using DES, 3DES, or AES (col.7 lines 1-10).

As per claim 41, Hagerman teaches wherein parameters in the header are normalized prior to encrypting the first portion of the fibre channel frame (col.3 lines 48-53).

As per claim 42, Hagerman teaches wherein the payload is padded prior to encrypting the first portion of the fibre channel frame (col.5 lines 3-25).

As per claim 43, Hagerman teaches computing authentication data using key and algorithm information as well as a second portion of the fibre channel frame (col.5 lines 15-25).

As per claim 44, Hagerman teaches wherein authentication data is computed using MD5 or SHA1 (col.3 lines 34-42; col.7 lines 35-44).

As per claim 45, Hagerman teaches wherein the authentication sequence is a fibre channel login sequence between the first and second network entities (col.3 lines 34-47).

As per claim 46, Hagerman teaches wherein the login sequence is a PLOGI or FLOGI sequence (col.6 lines 6-13).

As per claim 47, Hagerman teaches wherein the first and second network entities are domain controllers and the authentication sequence is a FC-CT sequence or an SW-ILS message (col.1 lines 28-40; col.6 lines 6-14).

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Claims 48-49 correspond to an apparatus employing the method described in claims 36-37 and are rejected accordingly.

As per claim 50, Hagerman teaches an apparatus for receiving encrypted frames in a fibre channel network having a first network entity and a second network entity (col.4 lines 23-31), the apparatus comprising: means for identifying that the frame has been secured (col.3 lines 23-24; col.5 lines 15-28); means to lookup the security parameters in a security database that allow the de-encapsulation of the frame (col.3 lines 48-53); means to decrypt the eventually encrypted frame (col.3 lines 43-47); means to verify that the message has been sent by the sender, and that has not been tampered with during its transmission (col.3 lines 59-62)

### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tamara Teslovich whose telephone number is (571) 272-4241. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Emmanuel Moise can be reached on (571) 272-3865. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

T. Teslovich

December 22, 2005